

Book 2 Word List



Class	Name	
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Unit 1

A. Target Words

conservation: *n.* the careful use of natural resources (such as trees, oil, and water) to prevent them from being lost or wasted / (자연 환경) 보호

eco-friendly: adj. not harmful to the environment / 친환경적인

efficient: adj. capable of producing desired results without wasting materials, time, or energy / 능률적인

elevate: v. to lift up / (들어)올리다

eliminate: v. to remove or take away / 제거하다

impact: n. an effect or influence / 영향

natural: adj. existing in nature and not produced or caused by people / 자연의

pollution: n. the process of making land, water, air, etc., dirty and not safe or suitable to use / 오염

promote: v. to support or encourage / 고취하다, 촉진하다

protect: v. to keep something safe from harm, damage, or loss / 보호하다

sustainable: adj. involving the use of natural products and energy in a way that does not harm the

Environment / (환경 파괴 없이) 지속 가능한

B. Extra Words

environment: n. the natural world / 자연 환경

forest: n. a thick growth of trees and bushes that covers a large area / 숲, 삼림

hydroelectric: adj. of or relating to the production of electricity by using machines that are powered by

moving water / 수력 전기의

prevent: v. to stop (something) from happening or existing / 막다

mainly: adj. most important / 주로

product: n. something that is made or grown to be sold or used / 상품, 제품

provide: v. to make (something) available : to supply (something that is wanted or needed) / 제공하다, 주

다

roof: n. the cover or top of a building, vehicle, etc. / 지붕

solar: adj. of or relating to the sun / 태양의 unique: adj. very special or unusual / 독특한

Unit 2

A. Target Words

celebrate: v. to mark a special event or to mark success with happiness / 기념하다



discover: v. to find out, either by accident or by searching / 발견하다

display: n. an exhibition or show / 전시

festival: n. a group of shows that include art, acting, singing, and dancing / 축제

gunpowder: n. a dry explosive substance used to propel projectiles from guns / 화약

Independence Day: n. a legal US holiday celebrating Declaration of Independence / (미국의) 독립기념일

occasion: n. a special time or event / 때, 행사

ordinary: adj. normal; not special or different / 보통의

scare: v. to frighten or fill with fear / 겁주다 search: v. to look for; to try to find / 찾아보다

substance: n. a material; a solid, powder, liquid, or gas with particular properties / 물질

B. Extra Words

ancient: adj. having lived or existed for a very long time / 고대의

contain: v. to have (something) inside / 포함하다

firework: n. a small device that explodes to make a display of light and noise / 폭죽

historian: n. a person who studies or writes about history / 사학자

ingredient: n. one of the things that are used to make a food, product, etc./ 성분

invent: v. to create or produce (something useful) for the first time / 발명하다

invention: n. something (such as a false story) that is made up energy / 발명품

medicine: n. a substance that is used in treating disease or relieving pain and that is usually in the form of

a pill or a liquid / 약, 약물

respect: v. to treat or deal with (something that is good or valuable) in a proper way / 존경하다

skill: n. the ability to do something that comes from training, experience, or practice / 능력

Unit 3

A. Target Words

automobile: n. a car, van, or truck / 자동차

avoid: v. to stay away from / 기피하다, 피하다

differ: v. to be different from / 다르다

diverge: v. to move in a different direction or be separate / 갈라지다, 나뉘다

general: adj. topically broad, not considering details / 일반적인

grammatically: adv. relating to the correct use of grammar / 문법적으로

idiom: n. an expression in which each word separately has different meanings from the whole meaning /

관용구, 숙어

limited: adj. not very much in amount, range, or degree / 제한된, 한정된

pronunciation: *n.* the way people say a word / 발음 separate: *adj.* different; distinct. / 분리된, 서로 다른

vocabulary: n. a collection of words in a language / 어휘

B. Extra Words

few: adj. not many / 많지 않은

item: n. an individual thing: a separate part or thing / 항목, 물품

change: v. to become different / 바꾸다

hood: n. the movable metal covering over the engine of an automobile / (자동차) 후드

interestingly: adv. attracting your attention and making you want to learn more about something or to be

involved in something: not dull or boring / 흥미 있게, 재미있게

similarly: adv. in almost the same way / 비슷하게

spelling: n. the act of forming words from letters / 철자

topic: n. someone or something that people talk or write about / 주제

truck: n. a vehicle that carries things / 트럭

trunk: n. the enclosed space in the back of a car for carrying things / (자동차의) 트렁크

Unit 4

A. Target Words

artificial: adj. created by human beings, not natural / 인공의, 인공적인

automatically: adv. without needing human control / 자동적으로

content: n. text, videos, or pictures shared on the Internet / 콘텐츠, 내용

developer: n. a person who creates a new product / 개발자

focus: v. to give attention or importance to / 집중하다

growth: n. the process of growing or increasing; the amount of increase / 성장

image: n. the way that people think about a person or company / 이미지, 인상

intelligence: n. the ability to learn and think / 지능

perceive: v. to think about something in a particular way / 감지하다. 인지하다

programmer: n. a person who creates computer programs / 프로그래머

sort: v. to put things in different groups or in a particular order / 분류하다, 구분하다

B. Extra Words

billion: n. the number 1,000,000,000 / 10억

create: v. to make or produce (something): to cause (something new) to exist / 창조하다

imagine: v. to think of or create (something that is not real) in your mind / 상상하다

industry: n. the process of making products by using machinery and factories / 산업

marketing: n. the activities that are involved in making people aware of a company's products, making

sure that the products are available to be bought, etc. / 마케팅

medical: adj. of or relating to the treatment of diseases and injuries / 의학의

mobile: n. a small telephone that people can take with them and use outside their homes / 휴대폰

replace: v. to be used instead of (something) / 대체하다



technology: *n.* the use of science in industry, engineering, etc., to invent useful things or to solve problems / 기술

write: v. to form letters or numbers on a surface with a pen, pencil, etc. / 쓰다

Unit 5

A. Target Words

Aborigine: n. people originally native to the land / 오스트레일리아 원주민

claim: v. to take as one's own / 주장하다

coastal: adj. near a coast, where land and sea meet / 해안의

colonization: n. the act of a country spreading to a new area or territory by allowing its people to settle

there / 식민지화

continent: n. one of seven very large areas of land, such as Africa or Asia / 대륙

desert: n. a large area where there is almost no water, rain, or plants / 사막

interior: n. the inside of an area / 안쪽

island: n. a usually small area of land surrounded on all sides by water / 섬

migrate: v. to move from one place to another / 이주하다

platypus: *n.* a small animal from Australia whose young are born from eggs / (오스트레일리아산의) 오리너 구리

settlement: n. a place where people have come and built homes / 정착

B. Extra Words

begin: v. to do the first part of an action : to start doing something / 시작하다

compare: v. to say that (something) is similar to something / 비교하다

Dutch: n. the people of the Netherlands / 네덜란드 사람

planet: n. a large, round object in space (such as the Earth) that travels around a star / 행성

population: n. the number of people who live in a place / 인구

result: n. something that is caused by something else that happened or was done before / 결과

river: n. a large natural flow of water that crosses an area of land and goes into an ocean, a lake, etc. / 강

square: *n.* a four-sided shape that is made up of four straight sides that are the same length and that has

four right angles / 사각형

strange: *adj.* different from what is usual, normal, or expected / 수상한

venomous: *adj.* capable of putting poison or venom into another animal's body usually by biting or stinging it / 독이 있는

Unit 6

A. Target Words

ancient: adj. belonging to the distant past / 고대의

competitive: adj. having a strong desire to win or be the best at something / 경쟁을 하는

debate: n. a discussion about a subject on which people have opposing views / 토론

derive: v. to have as a source / 끌어내다, 얻다

international: adj. referring or relating to two or more nations / 국제적인

invention: *n.* the creation of a new device or idea / 발명품 **mention:** *v.* to refer to or speak about / 말하다. 언급하다

origin: n. the beginning, cause, or source of something / 기원

text: n. a written work about some topic / 본문

to the contrary: exp. with the opposite meaning or implication / 그 반대를 보여주는

trace: v. to follow or study the development of something / 추적하다

B. Extra Words

argue: v. to give reasons for or against something: to say or write things in order to change someone's opinion about what is true, what should be done, etc. / 언쟁을 하다

clear: *adj.* not causing or allowing doubt / 명백한

evidence: n. something which shows that something else exists or is true / 증거

exact: adj. fully and completely correct or accurate / 정확한

originate: v. to begin to exist / 기원하다, 발명하다

play: v. to do activities for fun or enjoyment / 게임 하다

popularity: n. the state of being liked, enjoyed, accepted, or done by a large number of people / 인기

reference: n. the act of mentioning something in speech or in writing / 언급

root: n. the part of a plant that grows underground, gets water from the ground, and holds the plant in place

root / 뿌리

state: v. to express (something) formally in speech or writing / 언급하다

Unit 7

A. Target Words

base: v. to start or organize on a foundation / ...에 근거지를 두다

border: n. the edge of a country / 국경

conference: *n.* a meeting organized on a particular subject / 회의, 학회 **confusion**: *n.* the state of being puzzled or unclear / (정신 상태의) 혼란

devise: v. to invent a plan, system, or machine / 창안하다, 고안하다

engineer: n. a person who runs or is in charge of a train / 엔지니어

extend: v. to stretch out; to draw out to the full length / 더 길게 만들다

longitude: n. distance to the west or east of a line passing through Greenwich / 경도

meridian: n. any north-south line on world maps / 자오선

timetable: n. a list of the times when buses, trains, and planes are expected to leave or arrive / 시간표

zone: n. an area of land / 지역, 구역



B. Extra Words

backward: v. to or toward what is behind / 뒤로 가다

cause: v. something or someone that produces an effect, result, or condition / 야기시키다

distance: n. the amount of space between two places or things / 거리

forward: v. toward the front / 앞으로 가다

officially: adv. of or relating to the job or work of someone in a position of authority / 공식적으로

organize: v. to arrange and plan (an event or activity) / 준비하다

railway: n. a system of tracks on which trains travel / 철로

representative: n. typical of a particular group of people or of a particular thing / 대리인

suggest: v. to mention (something) as a possible thing to be done, used, thought about, etc. / 제안하다

wherever: adv. in what place / 어디에나

Unit 8

A. Target Words

available: adj. ready for use / 이용 가능한

benefit: n. an advantage; a helpful result / 혜택, 이득

circulation: *n.* the movement of blood through the body / 순환 **commercial:** *adj.* related to buying and selling things / 상업의

cultivation: *n*. the act of cultivating; the process of developing crops or plants / 경작, 재배

export: v. to send a product to be sold in another country / 수출하다

illegal: adj. not allowed by law / 불법의

medicinal: adj. having medicine-like effects that can treat illnesses / 약효가 있는

regard: v. to think of or consider / 고려하다

stress: n. worry / 스트레스, 걱정

verify: v. to check if something is true by careful investigation / 확인하다

B. Extra Words

balance: n. the state of having your weight spread equally so that you do not fall / 밸런스, 균형

demand: v. to say in a forceful way that something must be done or given to you / 요구하다

discover: v. to see, find, or become aware of (something) for the first time / 발견하다

general: adj. of, relating to, or affecting all the people or things in a group / 일반적인

grow: v. to become larger / 자라다

improve: v. to make (something) better / 개선되다

international: *adj.* involving two or more countries / 국제적인

popular: adj. liked or enjoyed by many people / 인기 있는

promote: v. to help (something) happen, develop, or increase / 돕다, 촉진하다

rare: adj. not common or usual / 드문

Unit 9

A. Target Words

basis: n. something from which another thing develops or can develop / 근거, 이유

brand: *n.* a kind or make; a specific type of a product / 상표, 종류

chew: v. to use teeth to cut food into small pieces before swallowing / 씹다

produce: *v*. to make or create / 생산하다

quencher: n. something that you drink to stop being thirsty / 갈증을 가시게 하는 것, 음료

refuge: n. shelter or protection from danger or hardship / 피난처

resin: n. a thick, sticky substance that is produced by some trees / 송진, 수지

sap: n. the watery liquid in all trees / 수액

sapodilla tree: n. a long-lived, evergreen tree native to southern Mexico, Central America, and the

Caribbean / 사포딜라 나무

sticky: adj. tending to stick / 끈적거리는

vending machine: n. a machine from which one can buy things like snacks or drinks / 자판기

B. Extra Words

ancient: adj. very old / 고대의

archaeologist: n. a science researcher who deals with past human life and activities by studying the bones,

tools, etc., of ancient people / 고고학자

derive: v. to take or get (something) from (something else) / 끌어내다, 얻다

discover: v. to see, find, or become aware of (something) for the first time / 발견하다

indeed: adv. without any question — used to stress the truth of a statement / 정말

manufacture: n. to make (something) usually in large amounts by using machines / 제조, 생산

modern: adj. of or relating to the present time or the recent past / 현대의

persuade: v. to cause (someone) to do something by asking, arguing, or giving reasons / 설득하다

prehistoric: adj. of, relating to, or existing in the time before people could write / 선사시대의

settle: v. to end (something, such as an argument) by reaching an agreement / 정착하다

Unit 10

A. Target Words

acknowledge: v. to agree or accept something is true or exists / 인정하다

bank: n. the higher ground, especially along the sides of a river / 둑, 제방

certificate: *n.* an official document showing particular facts are true / 증명서

comedy: n. a play or movie with humorous characters and plot / 희극

considerable: adj. great in amount or degree / 상당한, 많은

documentary: *adj.* relating to or as shown by documents / 기록물의, 기록의



fame: n. the state of being very well-known / 명성

fortune: n. a large amount of wealth / 행운

playwright: n. a person who writes plays / 극작가

suspicion: n. a doubt; an idea that something is likely not true / 혐의, 의심

tragedy: n. a play that is serious and has a sad ending / 비극

B. Extra Words

attend: v. to go to and be present at (an event, meeting, etc.) / 참석하다

enjoy: v. to take pleasure in (something) / 즐거워하다

generally: adv. in a general way / 일반적으로

grammar: n. the set of rules that explain how words are used in a language / 문법

marry: v. to become the husband or wife of (someone) / 결혼하다

play: n. a piece of writing that tells a story through the actions and words of characters and that is

performed on a stage / 연극

probably: adv. very likely / 아마도

success: n. the fact of getting or achieving wealth, respect, or fame / 성공

work: v. to perform or operate in the correct way / 일하다

writer: n. someone whose work is to write books, poems, stories, etc. / 작가

Unit 11

A. Target Words

breed: v. to produce or to raise animals or plants / 사육하다, 번식하다

captive: adj. imprisoned or enclosed / 사로잡힌

culture: *n.* a way of life, including the beliefs, art, and music of a group of people / 문화

depletion: *n.* the act of reducing the amount of something / 고갈, 소모

endangered: adj. threatened with complete loss; as in a species / 위험에 처한

environment: n. the air, water, land, and other elements that make up our world / 환경

especially: adv. more than usual or more than other things / 특히

extinction: *n.* the process of a species dying out / 멸종

nuisance: n. something that annoys or causes problems / 성가신 것

rare: adj. not common or usual / 드문

wild: n. the uncontrolled natural areas that are far from towns / 야생

B. Extra Words

arm: v. to provide (yourself, a group, a country, etc.) with weapons especially in order to fight a war or battle / 무장하다

decrease: v. to become smaller in size, amount, number, etc. / 감소하다

estimate: v. to give or form a general idea about the value, size, or cost of (something) / 측정하다

farming: n. the job or business of running a farm / 농사, 농업

fortunately: adv. something good or lucky has happened / 운좋게

pond: n. an area of water that is surrounded by land and that is smaller than a lake / 연못

province: n. any one of the large parts that some countries are divided into / 지방

river: n. a large natural flow of water that crosses an area of land and goes into an ocean, a lake, etc. / 강

several: adj. more than two but not very many / 다양한

species: n. a group of animals or plants that are similar and can produce young animals or plants / 종

Unit 12

A. Target Words

availability: n. the degree to which something is able to be found and used / 능력

collective: *adj.* together as a group / 집단의

detrimental: *adj.* harmful, not in the best interest of / 해로운 **disconnection:** *n.* detachment; a lack of attachment / 단절

globalization: *n.* growth to a global scale; the increase of trade worldwide / 세계화 **lose touch**: *phrasal v.* a failure to understand the feelings of others / 연락이 없다

remote: adj. far away from others / 떨어져 있는

society: n. people living in an area who share rules and customs / 사회

threat: n. a danger or risk of harm / 위협, 협박

uncomplicated: adj. easy, simple, not difficult to do or accomplish / 단순한

vendor: *n.* a person who sells things / 행상인

B. Extra Words

ability: n. the power or skill to do something / 능력

decision: n. a choice that you make about something after thinking about it / 결정

gain: v. to get (something wanted or valued) / 얻다

individual: adj. of, relating to, or existing as just one member or part of a larger group / 개인의

influence: n. the power to change or affect someone or something / 영향

nation: n. a large area of land that is controlled by its own government / 국가

occur: v. to happen / 발생하다

opinion: n. a belief, judgment, or way of thinking about something / 의견

shop: v. to visit places where goods are sold in order to look at and buy things / (물건을) 사다

worldwide: adj. happening or existing in all parts of the world / 세계적으로

Unit 13

A. Target Words

adapt: v. to change for different situations / 맞추다, 조정하다



algorithm: n. a set of rules for doing calculations, especially rules that a computer uses / 알고리즘

appeal: v. to attract; to interest / 매력적이다, 호소하다

device: n. a machine or small object that does something special / 기구, 장치

flexible: *adj.* able to change easily / 유연한, 변하기 쉬운

habit: n. something you do regularly, and usually without thinking / 버릇, 습관

launch: v. to start something new, like a service or a product / 시작하다, 착수하다

sign up: phrasal v. to join a group or organization / 참가하다

stream: v. to play music or a video from the Internet / 스트림 처리하다

subscriber: *n*. a person who pays regularly for a service / 구독자

suit: v. to be right for a person; to match / 알맞다

B. Extra Words

arrive: v. to come to or reach a place after traveling, being sent, etc. / 도착하다

available: adj. easy or possible to get or use / 구할 수 있는

currently: *adv.* happening or existing now / 현재, 지금

customer: n. someone who buys goods or services from a business / 고객

explain: v. to make (something) clear or easy to understand / 설명하다

million: n. the number 1,000,000 / 100만

necessary: adj. so important that you must do it or have it / 필요한

original: adj. happening or existing first or at the beginning / 원래의

service: n. the act of helping or serving customers at a restaurant, hotel, store, etc. / 서비스

success: n. the fact of getting or achieving wealth, respect, or fame / 성공

Unit 14

A. Target Words

affect: v. to cause a change; to influence / 영향을 미치다

calculate: v. to work out, or find an answer, using mathematics / 계산하다

clap: v. to hit together in a way that makes a loud noise / 박수를 치다

distance: *n.* the space between two places or points / 거리

echo: n. a reflected sound / 울림, 메아리

experiment: n. a scientific procedure done to test an idea / 실험

foghorn: n. a siren-like instrument to warn ships about obstacles in fog / 무중 호각

involve: v. to include or contain as a part of / 포함하다

measure: v. to obtain the quantity of something based on standard units / 측정하다

temperature: n. how hot or cold something is / 온도

thunder: n. a loud boom heard from the sky after a flash of lightning / 천둥

B. Extra Words

amount: n. a quantity of something / 양

avoid: v. to stay away from (someone or something) / 피하다

cliff: n. a high, steep surface of rock, earth, or ice / 절벽

crash: v. to hit something hard enough to cause serious damage or destruction / 충돌하다

describe: v. to tell someone the appearance, sound, smell, events, etc., of (something or someone) / 묘사

하다

initial: adj. occurring at the beginning of something / 처음의, 초기의

lightning: n. the flashes of light that are produced in the sky during a storm / 번개, 번갯불

liquid: n. a substance that is able to flow freely / 액체

thunderstorm: n. a storm with lightning and thunder / 뇌우

travel: n. the act or activity of traveling / 여행

Unit 15

A. Target Words

adopt: v. to make or take as one's own / 채택하다

alphabet: n. the letters that make up a given language / 알파벳

civilization: n. a society with social organization and culture / 문명화

epsilon: *n.* the fifth letter of the Greek alphabet / 엡실론, ε

lesson: n. something that is learned or studied / 수업

navigator: n. a person who guides a craft to keep it on course / 조종사

powerful: adj. having the ability to control people or things / 영향력 있는

precursor: n. something which existed first and led to later developments / 선도자

script: n. a particular system of writing / 대본

symbol: *n.* a thing used to represent something else / 상징

trader: *n.* a person who trades, such as a merchant or salesperson / 상인, 거래자

B. Extra Words

coast: n. the land along or near a sea or ocean / 해안

decide: v. to make a choice about (something) / 결정하다

derive: v. to make a choice about (something) / 끌어내다, 얻다

establish: v. to cause (someone or something) to be widely known and accepted / 설립하다

history: n. the study of past events / 역사

letter: *n.* any one of the marks that are symbols for speech sounds in written language and that form an alphabet / 문자

origin: n. the source or cause of something / 기원

study: v. the activity or process of learning about something by reading, memorizing facts, attending school, etc. / 공부하다

trading: n. the act or practice of buying and selling something (such as stocks or bonds) / 거래, 영업



victorious: adj. having won a victory or having ended in a victory / 승리한

Unit 16

A. Target Words

affection: n. feelings of love or fondness / 애착, 보살핌

attract: v. to appeal to another by stimulating their emotions or interest / 마음을 끌다

auditory: *adj.* relating to sound and hearing / 청각의

badge: n. a color or shape (on an animal) used to communicate / 증표

chemical: *adj.* relating to the use or inclusion of chemistry or chemicals / 화학의, 화학물질의

dominance: n. a status of having more power or importance than others / 우월

perform: v. to entertain by singing, acting, or dancing; to do a procedure / 연주하다

predator: n. an animal that kills and eats other animals / 포식자

tactile: *adj.* relating to touch and feeling / 촉각의 **visual:** *adj.* relating to sight, or vision / 시각의

warn: v. to tell others of incoming danger / 경고하다

B. Extra Words

chatter: v. to talk in a quick or casual way / 수다를 떨다

communication: n. the act or process of using words, sounds, signs, or behaviors to express or exchange

information or to express your ideas, thoughts, feelings, etc., to someone else / 의사소통

include: v. to have (someone or something) as part of a group or total / 포함하다

mate: n. a person who lives with you, works in the same place as you, etc. / 친구

refer to: phrasal v. to talk about or write about (someone or something) especially briefly / 언급하다

screech: n. a loud and very high cry that usually expresses extreme pain, anger, or fear / 꽥 하는 소리

sight: n. the ability to see / 시각

smell: n. the ability to have scent / 후각

sound: *n.* the ability to hear / 청각 **touch:** *n.* the ability to feel / 촉각

Unit 17

A. Target Words

communicable: *adj.* able to be passed on to other people / 전달되는

contagious: *adj.* easily spread from person or animal to others / 전염되는

contaminated: adj. diseased or dirty / 오염된

epidemic: n. a problem caused by disease affecting a very large number of people in many places /

유행병

excreta: n. matter expelled by an animal as waste / 배설물

illness: n. a sickness / 질병

infect: v. to expose and affect with disease / 감염시키다

organism: n. a living thing / 생물

parasite: n. an organism that lives on or in another organism and relies on that other organism for food /

기생식물

physical: adj. relating to the body / 육체의

transmit: v. to send, share, or spread / 전송하다

B. Extra Words

bite: v. to press down on or cut into (someone or something) with the teeth / 깨물다

contain: v. to have (something) inside / 포함하다

dangerous: adj. involving possible injury, harm, or death / 위험한

decade: n. a period of 10 years / 10년

disease: n. an illness that affects a person, animal, or plant / 질병

extremely: adj. very great in degree / 극도로

infectious: adj. capable of causing infection / 전염되는

kill: v. to cause the death of (a person, animal, or plant) / 죽다

plague: n. a disease that causes death and that spreads quickly to a large number of people / 전염

suck: v. to pull (liquid, air, etc.) into your mouth especially while your lips are forming a small hole / 빨아 먹다

Unit 18

A. Target Words

astound: v. to greatly surprise / 경악시키다

automated: adj. programmed to complete a task automatically / 자동화의

breakthrough: n. an important discovery or advancement / 돌파구

compose: v. to write or create a work of art, such as music or poetry / 구성하다

composition: n. an artistic piece that has been created / 구성요소

indistinguishable: adj. the same; unable to be differentiated / 구분이 안 되는

melody: n. a group of musical notes arranged into a piece of music / 멜로디, 곡

potential: n. an ability to achieve success in something / 잠재력

reinforcement: n. the act of strengthening something / 강화

seek out: phrasal v. to look for: to try to find / ~을 찾아내다

tedious: adj. boring, and repetitive, and time-consuming / 지루한

B. Extra Words

allow: v. to permit (something) / 허락하다

amazing: adj. causing great surprise or wonder / 놀라운

capture: v. to catch / 포획하다, 잡다



complete: v. to finish making or doing (something) / 완성하다

explore: v. to look at (something) in a careful way to learn more about it / 탐구하다

function: n. the special purpose or activity for which a thing exists or is used / 기능

impressive: adj. making a good impression / 인상 깊은

incubator: n. a device that is used to keep eggs warm before they hatch / 부화기

interest: n. a feeling of wanting to learn more about something or to be involved in something / 흥미

player: n. a person who plays a sport or game / 선수

Unit 19

A. Target Words

carve: v. to cut into the surface of an object / 조각하다, 각인하다

explorer: *n.* a person who travels to new and unknown places / 탐험가

fascinate: v. to strongly interest / 마음을 사로잡다

identity: n. the character of a person; who one is / 신원

inhabit: v. to live in or dwell / 살다

isolated: adj. separate from others; alone / 고립된

magnificent: adj. extremely good, impressive, or beautiful / 참으로 아름다운

Polynesians: n. a native or inhabitant of Polynesia / 폴리네시아 사람

primitive: *adj.* belonging to a very simple society; lacking modern technology / 원시사회의

sparse: adj. small in number or amount and spread out / 드문, 희박한

statue: n. a three-dimensional piece of art, carved in a solid material to represent something else / 조각상

B. Extra Words

culture: *n.* the beliefs, customs, arts, etc., of a particular society, group, place, or time / 문화

deforestation: n. the act or result of cutting down or burning all the trees in an area / 살림 벌채

figure: n. a value that is expressed in numbers / 수치

mainland: *n.* a large area of land that forms a country or a continent and that does not include islands / 본

move: v. to cause (something or someone) to go from one place or position to another / 옮기다

rail: n. a bar that goes from one post or support to another and that is used to form a barrier / 난간

statue: n. a figure usually of a person or animal that is made from stone, metal, etc. / 동상

suffer: v. to experience pain, illness, or injury / 겪다

visit: v. to go somewhere to spend time with (someone, such as a friend or relative) / 방문하다

volcanic: adj. of, relating to, or produced by a volcano / 화산의

Unit 20

A. Target Words

absorb: v. to soak up or take in / 흡수하다

atmosphere: n. the layer of air and other gases around the planet / 대기, 공기

construction: n. the process of building something such as a house or buildings / 공사, 건설

deforestation: n. the act of clearing forests / 삼림 파괴

dependent: adj. relying on someone or something for help / 의존하는

disappear: v. to vanish from sight; to go away quickly / 사라지다

ecology: n. the relationships between plants, animals, and people / 생태

prevent: v. to stop something from happening / 예방하다

profitable: adj. able to develop a positive cash flow / 수익성이 있는

regeneration: n. the act of making new after a time of deadness / 갱신, 갱생

shrink: v. to become smaller in amount or size / 줄어들다

B. Extra Words

cause: v. to make (something) happen or exist : to be the cause of (something) / 야기시키다

climate: n. a region with particular weather patterns or conditions / 기후

destroy: v. to cause (something) to end or no longer exist / 파괴하다

hardwood: n. the wood of a tree such as an oak or maple / 활엽수재

chemical: adj. of or relating to chemistry / 화학적인

material: n. a substance from which something is made or can be made / 물질

medicine: *n.* a substance that is used in treating disease or relieving pain and that is usually in the form of a pill or a liquid / 약물

oxygen: n. a chemical that is found in the air, that has no color, taste, or smell, and that is necessary for life / 산소

rainforest: n. a tropical forest that receives a lot of rain and that has very tall trees / 열대 우림

survival: n. the state or fact of continuing to live or exist especially in spite of difficult conditions / 생존